(Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA):

{ Using nikto.pl }

Section 0. Background Information

- 1. What is Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA)?
 - Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA) is a PHP/MySQL web application t damn vulnerable.
 - Its main goals are to be an aid for security professionals to t skills and tools in a legal environment, help web developers be understand the processes of securing web applications and aid teachers/students to teach/learn web application security in a environment.
- 2. What is Nikto?
 - Nikto is an Open Source (GPL) web server scanner which performs comprehensive tests against web servers for multiple items, incover 6400 potentially dangerous files/CGIs, checks for outdated of over 1200 servers, and version specific problems on over 270
- 3. Pre-Requisite Labs
 - o Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA): Lesson 1: How to Install DVWA in Fedora 14
 - o BackTrack: Lesson 1: Installing BackTrack 5 R1

4. Lab Notes

- o In this lab we will do the following:
 - 1. We will use nikto.pl to scan DVWA for vulnerabilities.
 - 2. We show you how to manually grab a webserver and operating banner.
 - 3. We will show you an old but still common mistake some web administrators/developers make by placing a configuration under a web folder.
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Section 1: Configure Fedora14 Virtual Machine Settings

1. Open Your VMware Player

• Instructions:

- 1. On Your Host Computer, Go To
- 2. Start --> All Program --> VMWare --> VMWare Player

2. Edit Fedoral4 Virtual Machine Settings

- Instructions:
 - 1. Highlight fedoral4
 - 2. Click Edit virtual machine settings
- 0

3. Edit Network Adapter

- Instructions:
 - 1. Highlight Network Adapter
 - 2. Select Bridged
 - 3. Click on the OK Button.

Home Home	
fedora 14	
	=
	fedora14
	OS: Red Hat Linux
	Version: Workstation 6.5-7.x virtual machin
	RAM: 640 MB
	Play virtual machine
	Edit virtual machine settings

Hardware Options Device Memory Processors Hard Disk (SCSI) CD/DVD (IDE) Floppy VSB Controller Sound Card Printer Display	Summary 512 MB 1 20 GB Auto detect Auto detect Bridged Present Auto detect Present Auto detect Present Auto detect	2. Device status Connected Connect at power on Network connection Replicate physical network connection state NAT: Used to share the host's IP address Host-only: A private network shared with the host LAN segment:
	Add Remov	LAN Segments) Advance

Section 2: Login to Fedora14

1. Start Fedoral4 VM Instance

- 1. Start Up VMWare Player
- 2. Select Fedoral4
- 3. Play virtual machine



2. Login to Fedoral4

- 1. Login: student
- 2. Password: <whatever you set it to>.

Fedoral4	
Student Password: Cancel Log In	
To drect input to this vitual machine, press Off+G.	are

Section 3: Open Console Terminal and Retrieve IP Address

- 1. Start a Terminal Console
 - Instructions:

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1. Applications --> Terminal



$2. \ \text{Switch user to root}$

- 1. su root
- 2. <Whatever you set the root password to>

🚱 Applications Places System 😫 📿	3 🔽	d, 💼	Sun Apr 1, 10:46 AM	Stude
	root@Fedora14:~	1 2		6
File Edit View Search Terminal Help				
student@Fedoral4 ~]\$ su - root assword: root@Fedoral4 ~]# ∎				
				-
m root@Fedora14:~				

3. Get IP Address

- Instructions:
 - 1. ifconfig -a
- Notes:
 - As indicated below, my IP address is 192.168.1.106.
 - Please record your IP address.

File Edit [root@Fed eth0	View Search oral4 ~]# ifcom Link encap:Eti	Terminal Help	root@Fedora14:	2.		
File Edit [root@Fed eth0	View Search oral4 ~]# ifco Link encap:Et	Terminal Help				
[root@Fed eth0	oral4 ~]# ifco Link encap:Et					
	inet addr: 192 inet6 addr: fr UP BROADCAST 0 RX packets:28 TX packets:360 collisions:0 RX bytes:5469 Interrupt:19	ntig -a hernet HWaddr 163.1.106 Bca 280::20c:29ff:f RUNNING MULTICA 33 errors:0 drop 5 errors:0 drop txqueuelen:1000 34 (534.1 KiB) 3ase address:0x	00:0C:29:81:54:4 ast:192.168.1.255 fe81:5442/64 Scop AST MTU:1500 Me opped:0 overruns: opped:0 overruns:0 TX bytes:58291 (2000	2 Mask:255.255. e:Link tric:1 0 frame:0 carrier:0 (56.9 KiB)	255.0	
10	Link encap:Lo inet addr:127 inet6 addr: : UP LOOPBACK RU RX packets:48 TX packets:48 collisions:0 RX bytes:3520	Cal Loopback 0.0.1 Mask:25 1/128 Scope:Ho JNNING MTU:164 errors:0 dropp errors:0 dropp txqueuelen:0 (3.4 KiB) TX	55.0.0.0 ost 36 Metric:1 oed:0 overruns:0 oed:0 overruns:0 bytes:3520 (3.4	frame:0 carrier:0 KiB)		
[root@Fed	ora14 ~]#					
🕅 root	@Fedora14:~	🕘 Google -	Mozilla Firefox			

Section 4: Configure BackTrack Virtual Machine Settings

1. Open Your VMware Player

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- Instructions:
 - 1. On Your Host Computer, Go To
 - 2. Start --> All Program --> VMWare --> VMWare Player

2. Edit BackTrack Virtual Machine Settings

- Instructions:
 - 1. Highlight BackTrack5R1
 - 2. Click Edit virtual machine settings

Home	
BackTrackSR1	
	BackTrack5R1 State: Powered Off OS: Ubuntu
	Version: Workstation 6.5-7.x virtual machine RAM: 512 MB Play virtual machine Edit virtual machine settings

3. Edit Network Adapter

- 1. Highlight Network Adapter
- 2. Select Bridged
- 3. Do not Click on the OK Button.

Device Memory Processors Hard Disk (SCSI) CD/DVD (IDE) Floppy USB Controller Sound Card Printer Display	Summary 512 MB 1 20 GB Auto detect Bridged Present Auto detect Present Auto detect Present Auto detect	Device status Connected Connect at power on Network connection Connect at power on Replicate physical network connection state NAT: Used to share the host's IP address Host-only: A private network shared with the host LAN segment: LAN Segments Advance
	Add Remove	OK Cancel H

Section 5: Login to BackTrack

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1. Start BackTrack VM Instance

- 1. Start Up VMWare Player
- 2. Select BackTrack5R1
- 3. Play virtual machine

Home	.			
BackTrackSR1	E			
	E	BackTra	ack5R1	
	v	State: OS: /ersion: RAM:	Powered Off Ubuntu Workstation 6.5-7.x virtual m 512 MB	achine
		Play	virtual machine	Ĺ

- $2. \ \text{Login to BackTrack}$
 - Instructions:
 - 1. Login: root
 - 2. Password: toor or <whatever you changed it to>.

-	BackTrackSR1 - VMware Player File * Virtual Machine * Help *	- 5
2	2 3125671 Commight (c) 1999-2009 ISI Commonation	
i i	3 3134561 FDC A is a nost-1991 82072	
ř	3 3408721 proset32: proset32 c:u1 35 21 Apr 2008 tshowend@alpha franken de	
Ē	3.360567] ncnet32.0000:02:01.0: PCI INT A -> 6SI 19 (level, low) -> IR0 19	
C	3.3648711 appgart-intel 0000:00:00.0: Intel 440BX Chipset	
t	3.3685321 pcnet32: PCnet/PCI 11 79C970A at 0x2000, 00:0c:29:90:13:78 assigned IR0	19
E	3.3729311 agggart-intel 0000:00:00.0: AGP aperture is 256M 0 0x0	
E.	3.3769161 pcnet32: eth0: registered as PCnet/PCI II 79C970A	
E	3.384739] pcnet32: 1 cards_found	
E	3.404691] Fusion MPT SPI Host driver 3.04.18	
E.	3.408410] mptspi 0000:00:10.0: PCI INT A -> GSI 17 (level, low) -> IRQ 17	
E	3.4087331 mptbase: ioc0: Initiating bringup	
E	3.488282] ioc0: LSI53C1030 B0: Capabilities={Initiator}	
E	3.656180] scsi2 : ioc0: LSI53C1030 B0, FwRev=01032920h, Ports=1, MaxQ=128, IRQ=17	
E	3.775716] scsi 2:0:0:0: Direct-Access UMware, UMware Virtual S 1.0 PQ: 0 ANS	1:2
E	3.779710J scsi target2:0:0: Beginning Domain Validation	
5	3.783701] scsi targetZ:0:0: Domain Validation skipping write tests	
F	3.7837721 scsi target2:0:0: Ending Domain Validation	
5	3.787761] scsi target2:0:0: FAST-40 WIDE SCSI 80.0 MB/s ST (25 ns, offset 127)	
	3.794467] sd 2:0:0:0: [sda] 41943040 512-byte logical blocks: (21.4 GB/20.0 G1B)	
	3.795671 sd 2:0:0:0: [sda] write Protect is off	
	3.7550111 Sa 2.00000 [Saa] Cache data (magaliable	
	3.7550011 Sa 2.0.0.0; Isaal Hssuming arive cache: write through	
	3 8013761 ed 2:0:0:0: Icdal Cache data unavitable	
F	3.8036761 sd 2.0.0.0. Isdal desuming drive cache: unite through	
F	3.8556261 eda: eda1 eda2 < eda5 >	
i i	3.8832261 sd 2:0:0:0: [sda] Cache data unavailable	
Ē	3.8875051 sd 2:0:0:0: [sda] Assuming drive cache: write through	
Ľ	3.887577] sd 2:0:0:0: [sda] Attached SCSI disk	
Ba	nckTrack 5 R1 - Code Name Revolution 32 bitbt tty1	
bt	t login: root	
Pa	assword:	
1		
To	direct input to this vitual machine, press Ctrl+G	are

3. Bring up the GNOME o Instructions:

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1. Type startx

BackTrackSR1 - VMware Player File + Virtual Machine + Help +	
I=J To start a graphical interface, type "starts". I=1 The default root password is "toor".	
rmot@ht:"# startx	
Ho GREE FIGHT IN THE WILLIA MACTINE DIRECTION OF THE LITES IN	Encorenzacióne vitiwaso

Section 6: Open Console Terminal and Retrieve IP Address

- 1. Open a console terminal
 - Instructions:

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1. Click on the console terminal



- 2. Get IP Address
 - Instructions:
 - 1. ifconfig -a
 - Notes:
 - As indicated below, my IP address is 192.168.1.105.
 - Please record your IP address.



Section 7: Start Nikto

- 1. Start nikto
 - Instructions:
 - 1. Applications --> BackTrack --> Vulnerability Assessment --Application Assessment --> Web Vulnerability Scanners -->



- 2. Update nikto
 - Instructions:
 - 1. ./nikto.pl -update



- 3. Show Options
 - Instructions:
 - 1. ./nikto.pl -help



4. Scan with nikto

- 1. ./nikto.pl -host http://192.168.1.106/dvwa
- Notes:
 - Replace 192.168.1.106 with the IP Address obtained in (Sec Step 3)

🗙 Applications Places System 🥹 📰		Sun May 20,	3:21 PM	4	4
∧ ∨ × root@bt: /pentest/web/nikto					
File Edit View Terminal Help	st http://192 168 1 106/dun/a				
outgot./pentest/web/niktow ./nikto.pt -no.	st nttp://152.100.1.100/uwa				
	Change this IP Address to DVWA's IP Address				
	DTHAS IF Address,				
📧 [root@bt: ~] 🖬 root@bt: /p	entest/web/ 🥹 Problem loading p	age			

5. View nikto Scan Results

• Notes:

- 0. Right away Nikto is not only able to identify the Apache W version, but also it is outdated.
- 1. In addition, Nikto identifies the operating system as Federate the version of PHP.
- 2. Nikto, also displays various vulnerabilities whose explana found in the Open Source Vulnerabilities Database.



Section 8: OSVDB-877: Use Telnet to Grab Webserver and Operating System Ban

- 1. Use Telnet to Grab Banner
 - Instructions:
 - 1. telnet 192.168.1.106 80
 - Replace 192.168.1.106 with DVWA's IP Address found in 3, Step 3).
 - Where 80 is the default Webserver Report.
 - 2. GET index.html
 - Notes:
 - Although the webserver responds back with a "400 Bad Reque does provide the Webserver and Operating System Banner.
 - OSVDB-877
 - RFC compliant web servers support the TRACE HTTP method, which of flaw that may lead to an unauthorized information disclosure. The method is used to debug web server connections and allows the chain what is being received at the other end of the request chain.

🗙 Applications Places System 🌚 🔄	Sun May 20, 4:33 PM	। 🕹 व
∧ ∨ × root@bt: /pentest/web/nikto		
File Edit View Terminal Help		
root@bt:/pentest/web/nikto# telnet 192.168.1.106 80 Trying 192.168.1.106 Connected to 192.168.1.106. Escape character is '^1'. GET index.html GET index.html Concrype HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN"> Address Default is 80 <100CTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN"> Atml> <head> <title>400 Bad Request</title> </head> <body> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <address< (fedora)<="" 2.2.17="" a="" apache=""> Server at ::1 Port 80</address<></body> Connection closed by foreign host. root@bt:/pentest/web/nikto# Webserver / Opera	derstand. ss> ating System Banner	
😇 🔲 root@bt: /pentest/web/ 🔄 root@bt: /pentest/web/ 👋 Pro	oblem loading page 🛛 🗑	

Section 9: OSVDB-3268: /dvwa/config/: Directory indexing found:

- 1. Browse /dvwa/config with Firefox
 - Instructions:
 - 1. firefox http://192.168.1.106/dvwa/config
 - Notes:

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 Replace 192.168.1.106 with the IP Address obtained in (Sec Step 3)



- 2. Investigate /dvwa/config
 - Instructions:
 - 0. Click on config.inc.php
 - Notes:
 - 0. When a web directory does not contain index.html, index.ph then all files in that directory will be displayed.
 - 1. Note, you should never allow a configuration directory to available to the public.
 - 2. OSVDB-3268
 - Directory indexing has been found to be enabled on the web serve there is no known vulnerability or exploit associated with this reveal sensitive or "hidden" files or directories to remote uses in more focused attacks.

Decknockart finderer Die Endermachene Deb	
Applications Places System 🕑 🔄	d 🖂 📥 Sun May 20, 9:25 P
∧ ∨ ⊥× Index of /dvwa/config - Mozilla Firefox	
File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help	
Index of /dvwa/config	
S http://192.168.1.106/dvwa/config/	ି 🕇 ୯ 🚼 ୩ ତେୟ 🏫 🔸
Name Last modified Size Descript	ion
sonfig.inc.php	
Apache/2.2.17 (Fedora) Server at 192.168.1.106 Port &	80
🖬 🖻 root@bt: ~ 😻 Index of /dvwa/config	

- 3. Nothing Happened?
 - Note:

- $0\!.$ The config.inc.php produced nothing.
- 1. Typically php, perl, asp, etc script will execute as designed will not produce output.

BackTrack5R1 - VMware Player	Eile 👻 Yirtual Machine 👻 Help 👻			- 0
💥 Applications Places System 🍕		đ	🖂 📥 Sun Ma	iy 20, 9:30 P
🗠 🧐 🗴 Mozilla Firefox				
File Edit View History Bookmarks	Tools Help			
http://192.168.1g/config.inc.php	+			
🔶 i 🔊 🕲 http://192.168.1.1	106/dvwa/config/config.inc.ph	2	🔻 🔶 🚼 🛪 Go	۹ 🏠 🔸
🖬 🖸 root@bt: ~	🤨 Mozilla Firefox		100	
To return to your computer, press Ctrl+At.				vmware

4. Let's test for a tilde

• Instructions:

- 0. http://192.168.1.106/dvwa/config/config.inc.php~
 Place a tilde(~) after .php
- Notes:

- 0. Some applications create a backup file of the file you are with a "~" following it.
- The contents of the php file are displayed to the screen, Web Server does not recognize a file as a php script becau with "~".

BackTrack5R1 - VMware Player Elle	• ▼ Yirtual Machine ▼ Help ▼	-
Applications Places System 🥹	2	d 🖂 🕹 Sun May 20, 9:3
∧ ∨ × Mozilla Firefox		
<u>File Edit View History B</u> ookmarks <u>1</u>	ools Help	
http://192.168.1config.inc.php~	+	
🔶 S 🗋 http://192.168.1.106	5/dvwa/config/config.inc.php	े र ८ 🚮 र ७०.९ 🏠
php</td <td>Place a tilde</td> <td>after .php</td>	Place a tilde	after .php
<pre># If you are having problems connect # try changing the 'db_server' varia # Thanks to digininja for the fix. # Database management system to use \$DBMS = 'MySQL'; #\$DBMS = 'PGSQL'; # Database variables \$_DVWAF array(); \$_DVWAF 'db_server'] = 'localhost'; \$_DVWAF 'db_server'] = 'localhost'; \$_DVWAF 'db_database'] = 'dvwa'; \$_DVWAF 'db_user'] = 'root'; \$_DVWAF 'db_password'] = 'dvwaPASSW # Only needed for PGSQL \$_DVWAF 'db_port'] = '5432'; ?></pre>	ORD':	d all of the variables below are correct 0.1. Fixes a problem due to sockets. word Information
🖬 🗈 root@bt: ~ 🛛 😰	Mozilla Firefox	
To return to your computer, press Ctrl+At		

Section 10: Proof of Lab

1. Proof of Lab

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• Proof of Lab Instructions:

- 1. On BackTrack, pull up a terminal window.
- 2. cd /pentest/web/nikto
- - (Section 3, Step 3).
- 4. ls -l /var/tmp/nikto.txt
- 5. date
- 6. echo "Your Name"
 - Replace the string "Your Name" with your actual name.
 - e.g., echo "John Gray"
- 7. Do a <PrtScn>
- 8. Paste into a word document
- 9. Upload to Moodle

